Clayton Dr, Calloway County (018C00020N)

<u>Calloway County</u> has requested for Bridge ID $\underline{018C00020N}$ to be submitted for the County & City Bridge Improvement Program. This bridge is located on <u>Clayton Dr</u> at the $\underline{0.76}$ mile point. Based on the latest Inspection Report, created on $\underline{7/02/2024}$, the Deck rating is a $\underline{5}$, the Superstructure rating is a $\underline{5}$, and the Substructure rating is a $\underline{3}$.

The Inspection Photos, created on <u>7/02/2024</u>, were utilized in tandem with the Inspection Report as a preliminary diagnosis on the issues pertaining to Bridge ID <u>018C00020N</u>. The biggest issues found were the condition of the substructure. There is approximately 4 each of CS4 decay/section loss for the timber piles.

Once preliminary notes were made based on the Inspection Report, a team of Engineers from KYTC D1 went to the site to compare the report to current issues. The team took notes and measurements on-site. The measurements taken at Bridge ID <u>018C00020N</u> were found to be:

- 42 ft structure length,
- Skew of 45 degrees,
- 21 in. depth of super,
- 18 ft roadway width,
- 42 ft streambed width,
- 28 ft end bent width (both end bents),
- 7 ft tall (measure from streambed to bottom of beams)

The notes consisted of a Standard Template of a side elevation view of a bridge consisting of the deck/beam, abutments, piles, slopes, streambed, and piers (if applicable to the bridge). Notes were made on the Template when on-site to report issues found during the inspection, as well as possible fixes for said issues. The Standard Template with notes made will be attached to this report for reference.

Inspection was made at Bridge ID <u>018C00020N</u> with KYTC D1 engineers. While on-site, it was determined that a total replacement would be needed since the channel has grown wider than what the total length of the bridge can handle as well as being the most economical option compared to cost of rehab. It would need to be extended from a 42 ft span to a 70 ft span to ensure protection of the piles/end bents from scour due to the channel as well as to mitigate the flow of water on the piles/cap by extending the span of the bridge and placing the end bents on a 45 degree skew.

Based on these findings, work to be done for Bridge ID <u>018C00020N</u> would include:

- Replace old timber piles with new steel piles as well as new end bents, also correct the channel flow through the middle of the bridge. This would provide protection against scouring for the piles/abutments and improve the rating for the Substructure.
- Replace existing beams with new Precast Prestressed Box Beams due to requiring a longer span. This would improve the rating for the Deck and Superstructure.

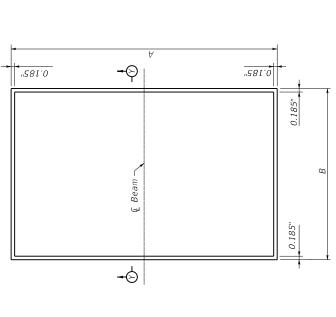
• Create a slope at new End Bents to provide bearing and protection for the piles against scour. This would improve the Substructure rating.

The work done based on the above suggestions should follow the KYTC Standard Specifications and, if applicable, Standard Drawings. All work done for Precast Prestressed Box Beams will include, but not be limited to:

- Elastomeric Bearing Pads per Drawing BBP-003-02
- Railing System Type II Guardrail Treatment per Drawing BHS-007-07
- Precast Prestress Box Beams General Notes per Drawing BDP-001-05
- Box Beam Bearing Details per Drawing BDP-002-03
- Box Beam Tension Rod Details per Drawing BDP-004-03
- Railing System Type II per Drawing BDP-005-05
- Box Beam B33 Details per Drawing BDP-010-04
- HP12x53 Steel Pile per Drawing BPS-003-09
- Modified Pile End Bent 45 Degree Skew
 - o It should be noted that using a 1.5:1 slope will require more maintenance compared to using a 2:1 slope
 - Piles will be utilizing restrictor plates to assist in reaching pile loads thus allowing for shallower pile depths
- Grout per Section 601.03.03

Clayton Dr, Calloway County (018C00020N) Bid Sheet

Items	Units	Quantity	Price per Unit	Total Cost
B33 Box Beams	LNFT	420		
H-Piles	LNFT	60		
Epoxy Coated Rebar	LBS	4152		
Class A Concrete	CUYD	42		
Geotextile Fabric	SQYD	147.4		
Rip Rap	Tons	194.5		
Structural Backfill	CUYD	54.3		
Perforated Pipe - 4"	LNFT	112		
Milling	Day	1		
Base	Tons	9.5		
Surface	Tons	62.1		
Waterproof Membrane	SQYD	186.7		
Type II Rail	LNFT	140		
Guardrail (Single Face A)	LNFT	100		
Offset Blocks	EACH	36		
Guardrail Posts	EACH	36		
Mob/Demob	EACH	1		
			Total Cost	



	3~0.1	5~0.1	3~0.1	5~0.1	* These reactions are to determine anchor.		
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A	1'-10"	1'-10"	11"	11"	se re etern		
PAD	IA	A2	B1	B2	* The to d		
	A					-	
- ⟨>)					S8I.0		_
						95"	
						0.185"	
Beam						0.18	В
£ Beam						0.185"	В

MAXIMUM MOVEMENT (One Direction) 0.500" 0.750" 0.500" *MAXIMUM REACTION BOX-BEAM PADS 173k 173k 69k 69k 1.290" 2.090" 2.090" 1.290" Q FOR 12" x 21.630" x 6.630" 12" x 10.630" x 6.630" 12" x 10.630" x 6.630" 12" × 21.630" × 6.630' MENSIONS

e based on service loads, use actual reactions rage requirements for pads.

GENERAL NOTES

 $\begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{10} \\ \frac{1}{10} \\ \frac{1}{10} \end{bmatrix}$ mold draft all sides (optional)

SECTION Y-Y (for Pads A1-B1)

Min. 0.125"

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(.qvT) 85.0

C~Metallic bonded shims

0.185"

В

(top & bottom)

(lenoitqo) diA

gnilsə2 "ZZI.O

0.185",

"281.0

SPECIFICATIONS: Fabricate the Elastomeric Bearing Pads to the design and dimensions as shown on these drawings and to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Construction Specifications, Section 18.

Ensure bearings are low temperature Grade 3 with durometer hardness of 50 and subjected to the load testing requirements corresponding to Design Method A.

Include the price of bearing pads in the bid for the beams.

ES 1030' mold draft all sides (optional)

SECTION Y-Y (for Pads A2-B2)

Min. 0.125"

а

(.q \(\tilde{T}\) 82.0

0.185",

"281.0

C-Metallic bonded shims

0.185"

В

(top & bottom)

(lenoitqo) diA

gnilas2 "ZSI.0

DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS ELASTOMERIC BEARING BOX BEAMS PADS FOR KENTUCKY

02-26-20 STANDARD DRAWING NO BBP-003-02
SUBMITTED

SALUM

02-26-2

PRECAST PRESTRESSED BOX BEAMS

General Notes

SPECIFICATIONS: All references to the standard Specifications are to the current edition of the Kentucky Department of Highways Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, with current supplemental specifications. All references to the AASHTO Specifications are to the AASHTO ERFD Bridge Design Specifications with interims.

DESIGN LOADS: Beam sections are designed for 1.25*HL93 (KYHL93) Live Load

DESIGN LOAD DISTRIBUTION: Contrary to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications, design moment and shear distribution for all beams is 0.5 lanes.

wearing future These beams are designed for a 15 PSF FUTURE WEARING SURFACE:

SUBSTRUCTURE DESIGN LOADS: Unfactored design reaction forces per beam end. DC (kips): Beam, Slab (if applicable), and Type II railing dead loads. DW (kips): Future wearing surface. LL (kips): Beam Live Load reaction per lane x Design load distribution. LL+((kips): LL with Dynamic load allowance.

and

DESIGN DEFLECTIONS:Δd (in.): Sum of the downwards deflections caused by the design 5" deck, railing, future wearing surface. (Positive Downwards)
Δc (in.): Upwards midspan camber of the beam caused by prestressing minus the downward deflection of the beam due to self weight. (Positive Upwards)

= 60000 PSI = 7000 PSI = 5500 PSI = 4000 PSI = 270000 PSI MATERIAL DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS: for Steel Reinforcement for Prestressed Girder Concrete (Typ. U.N.O.)

for Class "AA" Concrete for Prestressing Steel **DESIGN LENGTH:** Beam lengths shown in the Standards represent total beam length. the next greater designed section for non-Standard lengths.

CONSTRUCTION METHOD: Transferring bond stress to the concrete will not be allowed, nor releasing of end anchors until the concrete has attained a minimum compressive strength of FCI as shown by standard cylinders made and cured identically with the girders, attain FCI as or for to 28 days. Apply an initial presence of core of 3817 hs. per low releasin FCI and beams with honeycomp of such a retent as to affect the strength of resistance to deterioration will not be accepted. The allowance of 0005L (length) is made for shortening of beams due to shrinkage and elastic change. Furnish shop plans showing a detensioning plan by unimbering, in sequence, the strand pattern.

PRESTRESSING STRANDS: Ensure prestressing strands to be $\frac{1}{2}$ " oversize (0.167 sq. in.) uncoated seven-wire stress relieved, low-relaxation strands conforming to AASHTO M 203, Grade 270. If an alternate strand arrangement or strand type is preferred by the Contractor, the designer that developed the original plans will provide the design and also revise the original plans to reflect the changes. These design and plan modifications will be done at the

CORROSION INHIBITOR: Provide a corrosion inhibitor for B-type (non-composite) beams from the list of approved materials.

BEVELED EDGES: Bevel all exposed edges \mathcal{H}_{n}^{*} .

BEAM SEALER: For composite box beams (CB Beams), seal the full length of the exterior face of all exterior beams with the extent from the top of the beam to I'-O" underneath the beam. For non-composite box beams (B beams), seal all faces of all beams, except take care to ensure the grout pockets are not sealed. Use an approved silane sealer as specified by the Division of Structural Design.

REINFORCEMENT: Dimensions shown from the face of concrete to reinforcement are clear distances. Specing of reinforcement. All steel reinforcement is from center to center of reinforcement. All steel reinforcement is to be epoxy coated in accordance with Section 811.10 of the Specifications. Consider bars marked "C" to be a stirrup for purposes of bend diameters. Non-epoxy reinforcement may be used for fabrication purposes, only, provided that the steel is not used in the top 5½" of the beam and the location of the steel is indicated on the shop drawings.

FABRICATION: Beams shall not be fabricated more than 120 days before the deck is to be

GROUT: Provide non-shrink grout for anchor dowels, shear keys, and tensioning rod blockouts conforming with Section 601.03.03 of the Specifications. When side by side superstructure is utilized, grouting will be completed after lateral tension rods have been fully tightened and before leveling devices have been removed. Include the cost of furnishing and placing grout in the price of beam.

RAILING SYSTEM TYPE II: Furnish this material per these specifications.

COATING SPECIFICATION	A123 A123 A123 A123 A123 A153 A153 A153 A153 B633, Type II, Class 25
MATERIAL SPECIFICATION	ASTM A36 or A572 ASTM A36 or A572 ASTM A30 or A572 ASTM A50 or A572 ASTM A50 or A501 ASTM A563, Grade A or better ASTM A563, Grade A or better ASTM A108 (11045 C.b. Bar) ASTM A108 (1117 Steel) ASTM A328M ASTM A328M ASTM A325M ASTM A325M
DESCRIPTION	W6x25 C7x9.8 V7x7" 8x4x0.1875 %" for %" 174" 22½"x 5" 38" 70" 1½" 80tt for 1½" 80tt for 1½" Stud
ITEM	Post Channel Plate Plate Tubing Bolts Nuts Washers Stud Ferrule Wire Nut

Use the current edition of the references listed below with these standards.

Armored Edge & Neoprene Joints Elastomeric Bearing Pads Railing System Type II Steel Beam Guardrail Guardrail BBP-003 BHS-007 BJE-001 RBR-001 RBR-005

SPECIAL NOTES

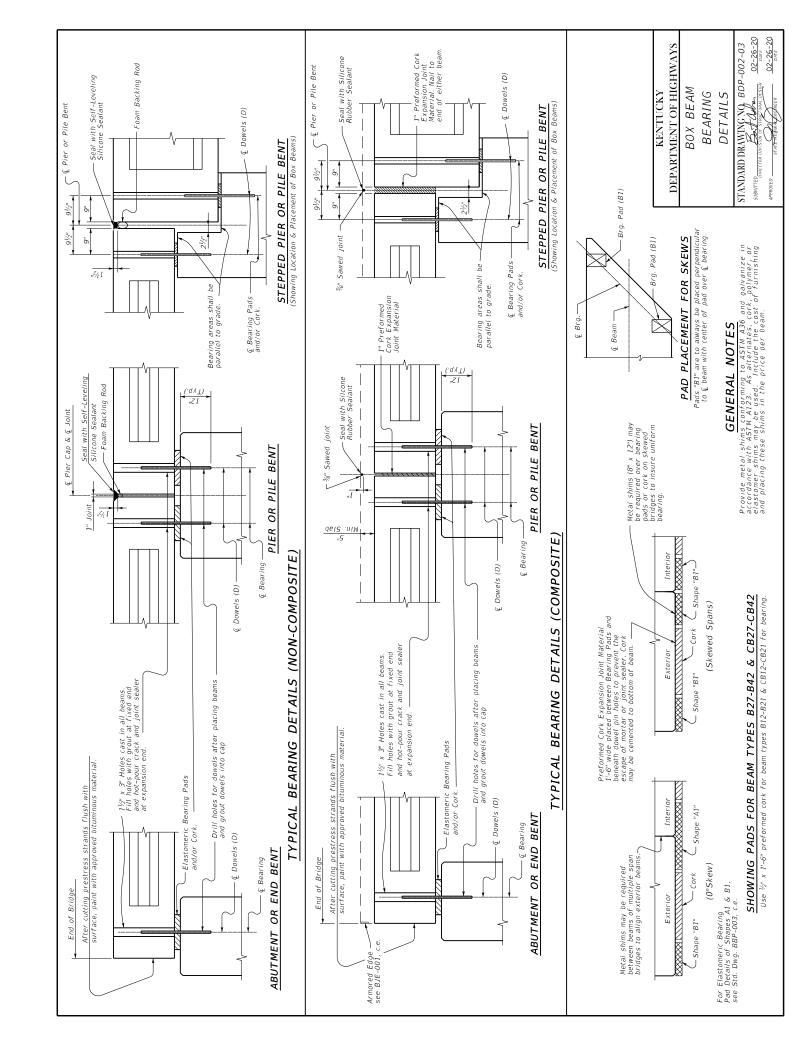
or Corrosion Inhibitors

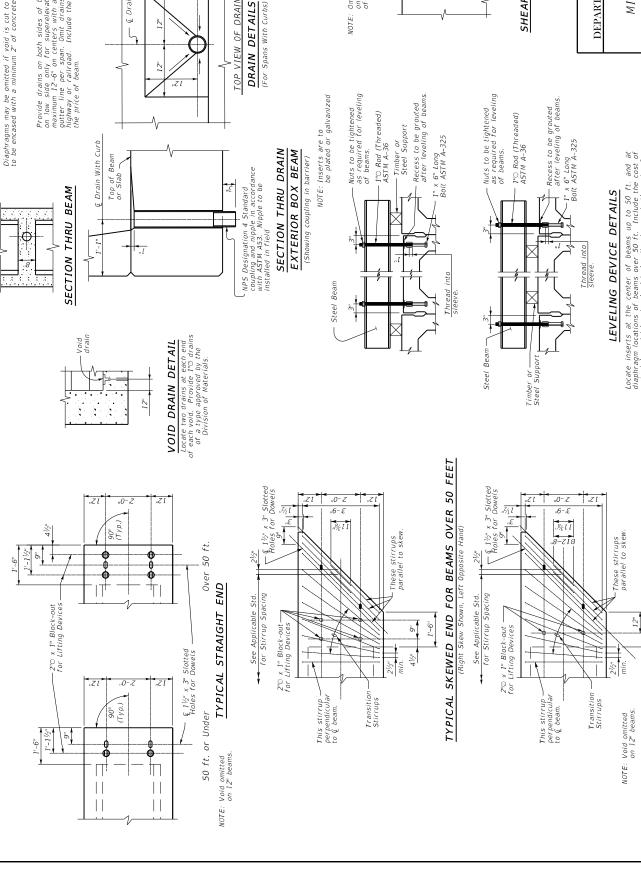
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BOX BEAM GENERAL NOTES AND REFERENCES

DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS

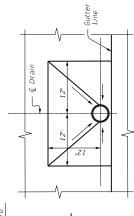
KENTUCKY

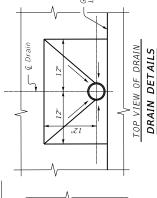




Diaphragms may be omitted if void is cut to allow drain to be encased with a minimum 2" of concrete.

Provide drains on both sides of bridge with normal crown and on low side only for superelevated bridges. Space drains at maximum 12-6° on centers with a minimum of one placed each gutter line per span. Omit drains when span crosses over a highway or rainfoad. Include the cost of pipe and fittings in the price of beam.



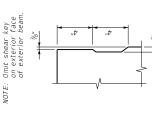


Locate inserts at the center of beams up to 50 ft. and at diaphragm locations of beams over 50 ft. Include the cost of materials and labor involved in leveling beams in the price for Brands. Submit alternate leveling devices to the Division of Bridge Design for approval.

TYPICAL SKEWED END FOR BEAMS 50 FEET OR LESS

1,-6"

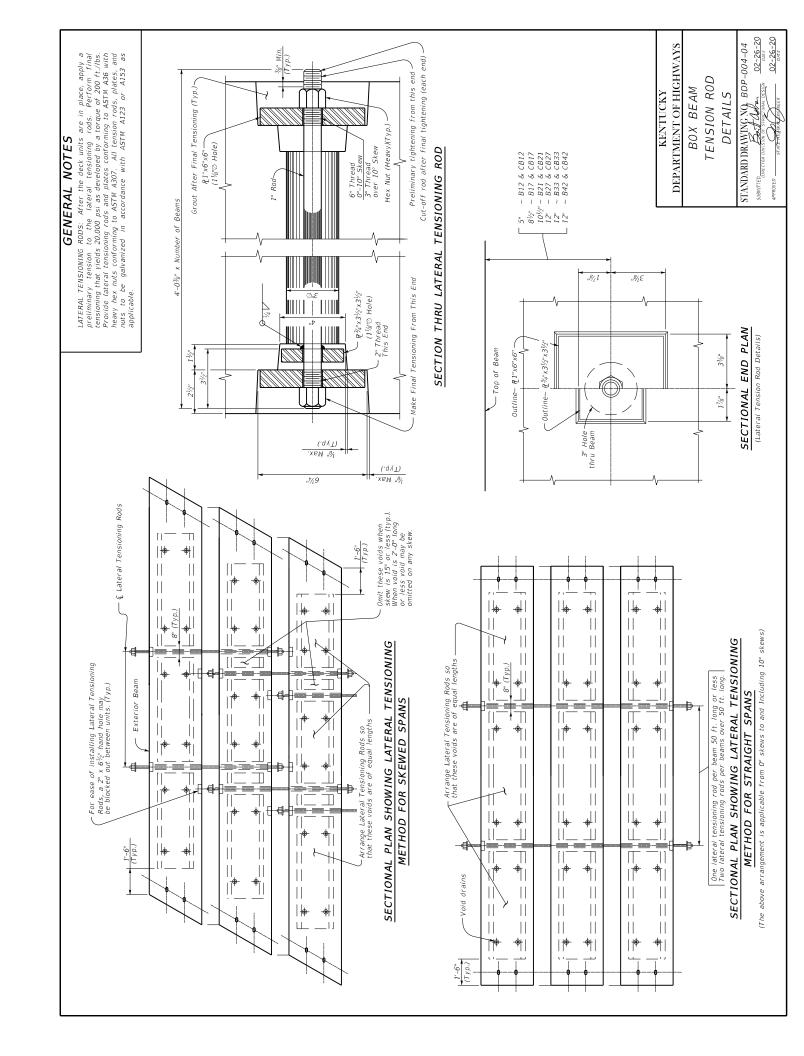
(Right Skew Shown, Left Opposite Hand)

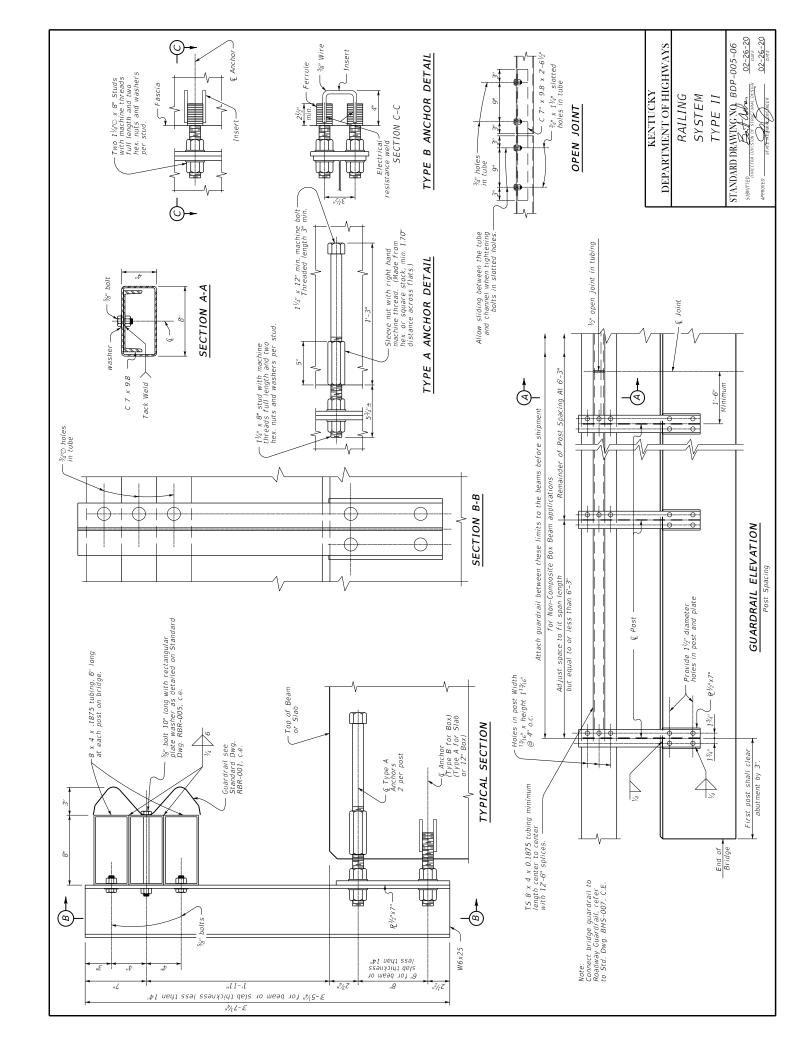


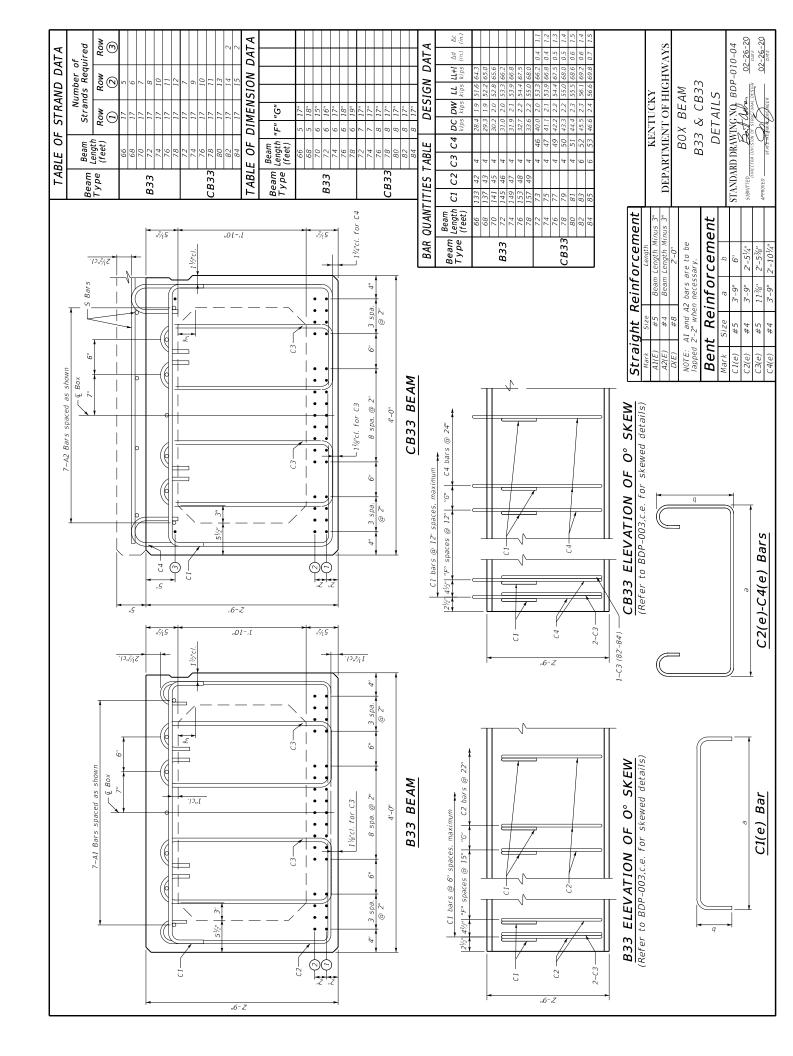
SHEAR KEY DETAIL

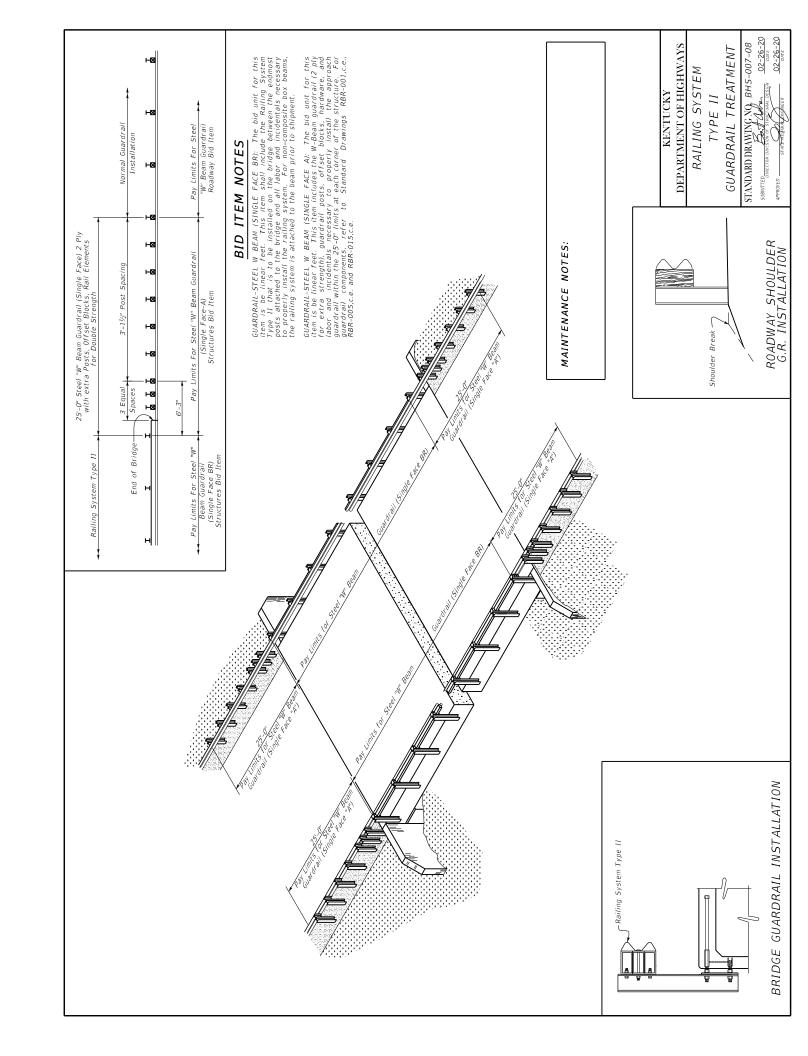
DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS MISCELLANEOUS BOX BEAM DETAILS KENTUCKY

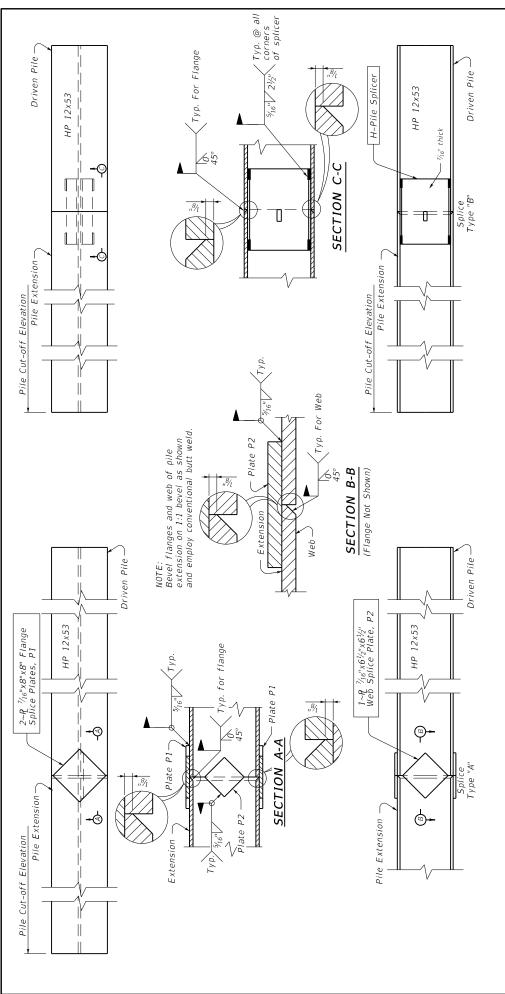
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GENERAL NOTES

SPECIFICATIONS: Kentucky Department of Highways Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, current edition.

MATERIALS: Ensure structural steel piles conform to A.S.T.M. A709 Grade 50, current Specifications.

SPLICE PLATES: Ensure all pile splicing options conform to A.S.T.M. A709 Grade 50, current Specifications. In lieu of Splice Option "A" or Splice option "B", splice plates may be flame cut from HP12x53 sections. If flange sections are used, the portion cut at the web must be turned outside in order to obtain a tight fit. Grind the edges smooth prior to welding.

SPLICE OPTION "B": The pile splicer shown in the details for Splice Option "B" may be Champion H-Pile Splicer, Model HP 30000, or an approved equal. Ensure the splicer is in accordance to the manufacturer's recommendations and subject to the Engineer's approval.

FIELD WELDS: Ensure field welding material and workmanship for all piling conforms to the current Joint Specifications ANSI/AASHTO/AWS D1.5 Bridge Welding Code. Splice piles as indicated above only when driven below cut-off elevation.

PAYMENT: Payment for the piles in accordance with plans and specifications will be made at the contract price per linear foot.

PAINT: No painting is required on steel piles.

MILL TEST REPORTS: Furnish mill test reports in triplicate to the Department showing that all materials furnished conform to the Specifications.

KENTUCKY DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS HP12x53 Steel Pile STANDARD DRAWING NO. BP5-003-09 SIRNITED APPROVED APPROVED OCCUPATION OCCUPATI

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					7	Ale 1.	145	34	5	11-0	Ale	145	s 43	5	11-0	Ale	145	25	5	11-0	44e	Str.	56	5	4-8	∂/∀	Str.	3	5	8 -9	A10e	Str. 1	9	3-8
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24	t H2	85	6 3-10%"	8-0" 40'-0" 47'-8¾" 22'-4¾" 25'-4¾"	-0" 47"-8¾	7 22-4%	25-4%	18 438"	4 10"	2-6" 7	7 12" 6-0"	6-0" 3	.019	0	0	9 0	5:-0"	3-10"	0	0 0	0 4	30	6-10"	0	0 0	7	6'-0" 9'-10"	10. 0	0	0	9 8'-0"	0" 21.0	0	2076
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	HI	. 62	.7/18-£ /	8-0" 48-0" 55-41/2" 26'-21/4" 29-21/4"	-0" 55'-41/2	7. 26'-21/4"	29-2%	2/15 2/2	4 9"	2-3" 7 12"	7 12"	6-0. 2	2,-0.	0	0	9 2	7-0.	2-0"	0	0 0	0 2	10	2:-0.	0	0 0	5	.08 .0#	00	0	0	8 7'-0"	9" 21.4	7	2277
32	. H2	84 8	8 3-31/2"	7'-6" 52'-6"	-6" 59'-01/2"	28:-0/5	28'-01/2" 31'-01/2	3//2	4 8"	2-0	7 11" 5	5-6" 3	.019	0	0	9 0	5-0" 3	3-10"	0	0 0	0 4	3-0	.019	0	0 0	7	6-0" 9-10"	100	0	0	.08 6	9" 24.7	7	2557
	Н3	93	9 3-11//	3-11% 7'-6" 60'-0" 66'-21% 31'-71% 34'-71% 31% 3 11" 1'-10" 7 11" 5-6"	-0" 66'-21/2	7 31-7%	34.71/2	31/6	3 11"	1'-10"	7 11"	5-6" 4	10'-5"	4-8"	5'-9"	2'-0" 10	.06	7:-5" 1	1'-8" 5	5-9" 2-0"	.0	09	10'-5" 4	4'-8" 5'	5'-9" 2'-0"	7 10 9'-0"	-0" 13'-5"	-5" 7"-8"	8' 5'-9"	2-0"	13 12:-0"	.0" 31.4	4	3190
N	NOTES																																	

- NOTES:

 1) Confront to KYTC, Standard Specifications, Current Edition.

 3) Rebar to be groxy coated 4615, Grade 60.

 4) Maintain 2" clear cover to reinforcement unless otherwise noted.

 4) Maintain 2" clear cover to reinforcement unless otherwise noted.

 5) End Bants are designed for the maximum span of the following

 15 End and concrete beams as shown in the current standards.

 14 B12, CB12, B17, CB17, B21 or rolled steel beams up to 24" nominal depth.

 14 CB21, B22, CB22, mortolled steel beams up to 24" nominal depth.

 15 CB21, B22, CB22 or rolled steel beams up to 24" nominal depth.

 16 CB23, B42, CB22 or rolled steel beams up to 24" nominal depth.

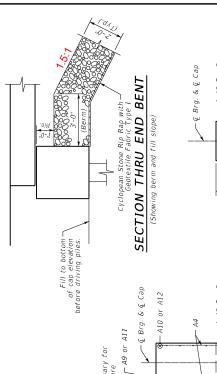
 17 CB21, B17, CB22 or rolled steel beams up to 24" nominal depth.

 18 CB21, B17, CB22 or rolled steel beams up to 24" nominal depth.
- 7) Piles driven to rack must be driven to Refusal. Friction Piles must be driven to (Pile Load/d.) using the Gates Method.

 8) Pile load given its Factored Strength Load.

 9) Piles must be driven 20' pile avstituting ground or to refusal on bedrock. Piles at wet crossings must be driven to 20' below stream bed or to refusal on bedrock. A minimum pile length of 30' is required in all circumstances.

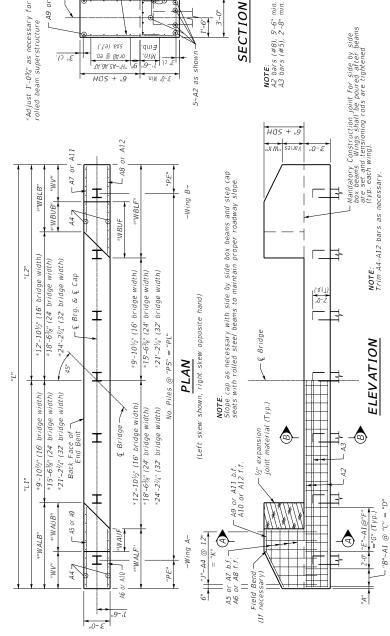
 10) Contractor shall provide a hammer capable of driving the piling to refusal or capacity without encountering excessive blow counts or damaging the pile. Contractor shall be responsible for all damaged piling.

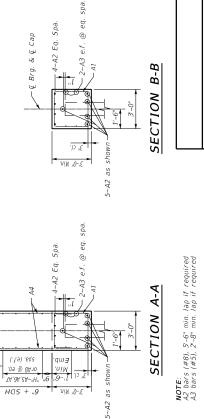


.lɔ "E

Has + "9

3'-0" Min.







19b

A1 Bar ∼Size #5~